



## Northumberland & North Tyneside Community Infection Prevention & Control Strategy













## Aims of the strategy

- To minimise preventable incidents/outbreaks of harmful infection in community settings in Northumberland and North Tyneside through effective IPC interventions.
- To ensure that both North Tyneside and Northumberland are as well prepared as possible in response to new or developing threats of infection/future pandemics.







Suspected bird-flu outbreak decimates breeding season at Northumberland site

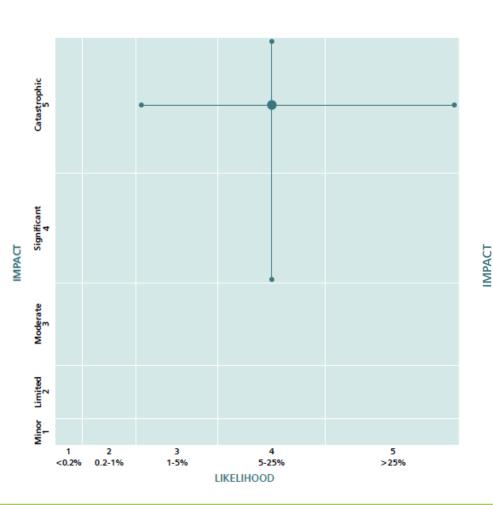


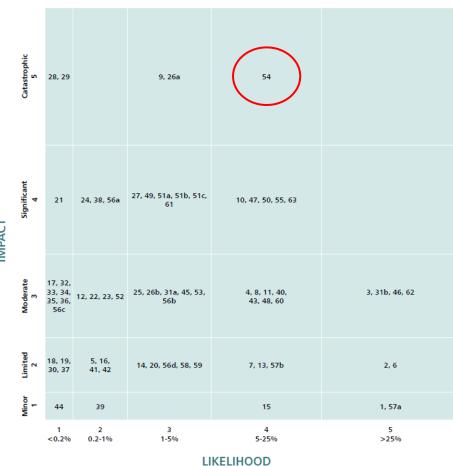
## One in four chance of a 'catastrophic' pandemic in five years

'Reasonable worst-case scenario' could mean 50pc of population falling ill and 840,000 deaths



## 2023 National Risk Register – Pandemic







## Objectives of the strategy

- To understand current IPC provision, activities, behaviours, and need within community settings (Where are we now?).
- To understand current guidance for community settings and interventions to influence behaviours.
- To agree and prioritise goals to promote IPC measures in community settings, including additional resources and capacity building approaches (Where do we want to get to?)
- To agree how we will achieve the goals (How will we get there?)
- To define how we will monitor achievement against the goals (How we will know we have arrived?)



### Scope and scale of community IPC strategy

#### Care sector (adult)

- 71 elderly care residential and nursing homes
- 28 specialist learning disability/mental health care homes
- 58 domiciliary care providers
- 221 independent supported living (ISL) settings

#### Education

- 174 childminders
- 95 day nurseries
- 130 first and primary schools
- 14 middle schools
- 15 high and secondary schools
- 13 special / alternative provision schools
- One pupil referral unit
- One further education college

#### General practice

• 36 general practices

#### Children's residential homes

• 5 children's residential homes

Strategy covers N'land and North Tyneside because they share IPC team.

Data shared here on scale for Northumberland only.



### **Methods**

- Strategy group: 2x Councils (PH, H&S, Education, ASC),
   Northumbria Healthcare, NENC ICB, CNTW, UKHSA, LMC
- Review of guidance and best practice
- Review of literature on barriers and facilitators to IPC, and interventions to promote
- Surveys of staff in community settings
- Stakeholder focus groups
- Data from previous surveys, audits, and visits
- Prioritisation exercise for community IPC provision



## **Current provision**

- Northumbria IPC team at Northumbria:10.1. WTE nursing staff
  - 5.3 WTE staff work in hospital settings
  - 4.8 WTE staff working in the community covering Northumberland and North Tyneside
- Since March 2020, the IPC team has supported care homes experiencing around 700 COVID outbreaks, providing telephone or face-to-face support for most if not all of these incidents

## Activities of the IPC team in the community



#### **Training**

- Care home staff, including face-to-face, webinar and elearning training that is regularly updated, and IPC champion training and care home forums.
- Home (domiciliary) care staff: charge may apply and no current training programme.
- •Community nurse training.
- •General practice staff training: charge applies.
- Hand hygiene training in primary schools.

#### Direct support

- Outbreak
  management at
  Intermediate Care
  Units.
- •Care home visits and telephone calls during outbreaks (planning to reduce or cease because of insufficient capacity).
- Outbreak support for other settings, for example nurseries, at the request of the UKHSA Health Protection Team.
- •FIT testing where needed.

#### Collaborative working

- •Care Quality
  Commission (CQC)
  monthly information
  sharing meetings
  about care homes /
  home care services,
  including support
  where there are
  safeguarding concerns
  due to inadequate
  IPC.
- •Care home provider forum meetings.
- •Link nurse champions meetings.
- Multi-agency meetings and collaborative working with Adult Social Care Commissioning, ICB, Public Health, and UKHSA.
- Care home newsletter.
- Community events

#### **Audit**

- •Community patient hand hygiene satisfaction survey.
- Hand hygiene audits (validation) of community staff.
- •Care home report on the extent to which IPC measures are being met.
- General practices: a charge applies to undertake an IPC audit in general practice.
- Root cause analysis e.g. patients with community-acquired infections (such as Clostridium difficile) admitted to hospital.

## **Key findings**



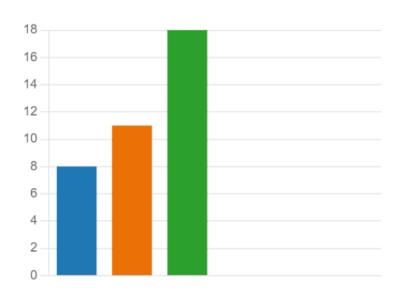
- Guidance and best practice seek to ensure that organisations and staff have the knowledge, skills, training, behaviours, values, support, monitoring, culture, and leadership to prevent infections.
- There are opportunities for additional training, increased awareness of guidance, and monitoring of IPC behaviours.
- Many care homes use in-house IPC training but we have no information about its quality.
- Cost and time are barriers in education and general practice.
- IPC champion roles are less common in domiciliary care and general practice.
- Many respondents across all sectors said they feel compelled to come into work even if they are unwell with an infection: 'infectious presenteeism'.
- A high value is placed on the role of the IPC team, the support they gave during the pandemic, and the relationships that have developed during the pandemic
- Relationships between system partners, and with providers, improved during the pandemic because of the good communication, collaboration, and support given.
- There is a need for IPC support and training for staff in early years settings.
- There is a need for sustainable, capacity-building solutions in view of the small size of the IPC team.



## Survey of educational settings (n-24)

Are there any barriers to accessing training in infection prevention and control? Please tick all that apply.

- I don't have time to access traini... 8
- The cost of training
  11
- I don't know what training is av... 18
- I don't have access to a comput... 0
- I don't need any training
- Other 0



## Survey of GP staff (n=34)

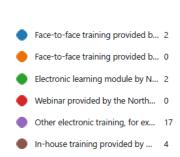


Have you had any training in Infection Prevention and Control in the past 12 months?

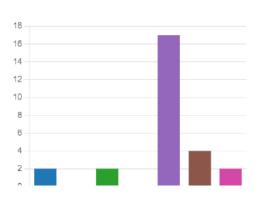






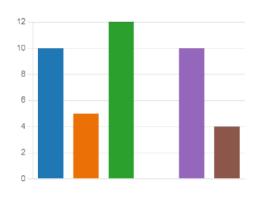


tick all that apply.



Are there any barriers to accessing training in infection prevention and control? Please tick all that apply.





 $\label{thm:control} \mbox{Do you have an Infection Prevention and Control Champion or Lead within your practice?}$ 

What training in infection prevention and control have your had in the past 12 months? Please







## **Prioritisation of community IPC**

	Name	Days per month of specialist IPC resource (4.8 WTE)			
Phase		Care homes	Education	Domiciliary care	Primary care
1	Prevention	18.9	11.3	7.2	3.6
2	1-2 cases	2.7	2.3	0	0.2
3	Cluster	13.5	3.4	0.5	0.2
4	Outbreak	10.8	4.5	0.5	0.2
5	Frequent incidents	8.1	1.1	0.1	0.2
	Total	54	22.5	9	4.5



### **Our Vision**

"Our vision is for all health, care and education professionals working in the community to have the capability, opportunity, and motivation to implement infection prevention and control measures in their setting to protect those who use their services or live, work, or study in their settings."



## **Principles**

- We will work together as a whole system to implement IPC measures in community settings
- Recognising that the specialist community IPC nurse team is a finite resource, we will seek to work as partners to maximise impact by prioritising the deployment of the team
- With partners, the specialist IPC team will seek to build resilience and capacity within the community by supporting and training key professionals already working in or with settings.





# Goals, how we will achieve them, and monitoring







Funding and prioritisation				
Goal	How will we achieve it?	Indicator		
Goal 1: The NHCT IPC team	We will work with partners	Increased number of whole-		
has additional, long-term,	across the system to	time equivalent specialist		
sustainable funding to maintain	continue to make the case	IPC nurses working to		
and increase the scope and	for equitable, sustainable	support community settings		
magnitude of activities of the IPC	investment in IPC expertise			
team to support more	to support community			
settings/providers in the	settings in Northumberland			
community, including care	and North Tyneside.			
homes, general practices,				
domiciliary care, educational				
establishments, and children's				
residential care.				
	<ul> <li>We will work as system</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual review of priorities</li> </ul>		
Goal 2: Where resources are	partners to ensure that we			
limited, priorities for work within	are able to maximise impact			
community settings will be	of limited resources through			
agreed with system partners.	agreed priorities and			
	principles.			



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Building IPC capacity in community settings				
All community settings				
Goal	How will we achieve it?	Indicator		
Goal 3: Managers and staff will be aware of training that is available.	<ul> <li>Together with and via system partners, the NHCT IPC team will share a list of quality assured training opportunities to care home providers, domiciliary care providers, educational settings, general practices, and children's residential homes.</li> </ul>	Annual survey of community settings / providers		
Goal 4: All training, whether external or in-house, is of high quality and updated to reflect current guidance.	<ul> <li>Where training is provided inhouse, system partners will work with providers to quality assure training.</li> <li>Where training is provided by the NHCT team or system partners, the content will be regularly reviewed to ensure its accuracy.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Record of annual review of webinar and module training provided by NHCT</li> <li>Surveys of staff attending training</li> <li>Number of care home providers sharing their training package for quality assurance purposes</li> </ul>		



<ul><li>Care homes</li></ul>		
Goal	How will we achieve it?	Indicator
Goal 5: All professional staff visiting care homes from all sectors have had training in IPC to identify good practice, recognise when standards of IPC are not being met, provide IPC advice, and link easily to additional specialist support when needed.	The IPC team will engage with staff who visit care homes to offer additional IPC training, assess competence if appropriate, and maintain a network to enable sharing of best practice and updated guidance, answer questions, and provide specialist support.	<ul> <li>Record of IPC training provided to professional staff visiting care home</li> <li>Number of professional staff visiting care homes who have had training i past 1 year</li> </ul>
Goal 6: All care homes have an IPC champion who receives additional IPC training, is given time for training and linking with other IPC champions via a network, is empowered to support colleagues, and can link easily to additional IPC support when needed.	<ul> <li>System partners who have existing relationships or contracts with care home providers will promote the need for a named IPC champion in each care home.</li> <li>NHCT will continue to provide training and support to IPC champions in care homes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Record of IPC champions held by IPC team</li> <li>Annual survey of IPC champions</li> </ul>
Goal 7: All agency staff will be trained in IPC.	<ul> <li>Make contact with larger agencies to understand training requirements and explore with regional partners regional approaches to providing and assuring training.</li> <li>Include a question about training of agency staff in the quality assurance checklist used by the IPC team during care home visits.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Record of number of agency staff trained in IPC by NHCT</li> <li>Annual survey of care home managers to determine number of agency staff trained in IPC</li> </ul>

Educational settings		
Goal 8: Leaders in educational settings continue to recognise the importance of effective IPC measures to protect the health of their students and staff, minimise student and staff absences, and contribute to preventing wider spread of infections within the community.	Strategy group members will offer to join headteacher meetings to promote the benefits of IPC measures and the use a 'making every contact count' approach with all educational staff to promote IPC.	Record of IPC team input to Headteacher meetings
Goal 9: Staff in educational settings have a basic knowledge of common infections and IPC measures.	<ul> <li>Build links between the NHCT IPC team and the local authority Health and Safety (H&amp;S) teams who already work with schools, including opportunities for additional IPC training for H&amp;S teams and access to specialist advice when needed.</li> <li>H&amp;S teams in both local authorities will work with the IPC team and system partners to regularly update the IPC policy or guidance within the Health and Safety guidance for use by educational settings.</li> <li>The IPC team will offer virtual training to H&amp;S leads within educational settings on an annual basis to update knowledge of IPC.</li> <li>Undertake a specific piece of work to understand issues for early years providers, from whom we had no responses in the survey.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Record of additional IPC training for H&amp;S teams and access to specialist advice.</li> <li>Record of IPC team input into Health and Safety guidance for use by educational settings.</li> <li>Number of H&amp;S leads within educational settings receiving training in IPC.</li> <li>Report on project with early years settings.</li> </ul>
Goal 10: Children and young people aged 3-16 years will have ageappropriate knowledge of hygiene, microbes, vaccinations, and antimicrobial resistance and are supported to play their role in prevention outbreaks and using antimicrobials appropriately.	We will promote and support educators, community leaders, parents, and caregivers to use E-Bug to educate children and young people and promote positive behaviour change.	Survey of educational settings on use of E-Bug to educate children and young people and promote positive behaviour change.



Goal	How will we achieve it?	Indicator	
Goal 11: There is an IPC champion in every general practice who receives additional IPC training, is linked to a wider network of IPC champions, is empowered to support colleagues, and can link easily to additional IPC support when needed.	<ul> <li>System partners who have existing relationships with general practice will promote the need for a named IPC champion in each practice</li> <li>NHCT will continue to provide training and support to IPC champions in practices.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of general practices with an IPC champion.</li> <li>Number of IPC champions trained by IPC team.</li> </ul>	
Goal 12: All practice staff receive regular quality-assured IPC training and audit.	<ul> <li>Work with general practice colleagues to understand demand and willingness to participate in, and promote, regular training.</li> <li>Work with system partners to secure funding for face-to-face training and audit in general practice.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Funding secured for face-to-face training and audit in general practice.</li> <li>Number of general practices who receive face-to-face training.</li> </ul>	



Preventing infectious presenteeism				
Goal	How will we achieve it?	Indicator		
Goal 13: Systems are in place to discourage staff from attending work if they are unwell with an infection ('infectious presenteeism').	<ul> <li>We will use existing communications channels with providers and the general public to discourage infectious presenteeism.</li> <li>All commissioners will ask providers to include in their business continuity plans how they will manage in the event of staff absence due to sickness.</li> <li>We will include the discouragement of infectious presenteeism in all training provided.</li> <li>Commissioners will encourage providers to include mitigations within their risk assessment for when infectious presenteeism is unavoidable, for example use of face masks, enhanced ventilation, and cleaning, or avoiding care of people who are immunosuppressed or otherwise at high risk from the infection.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Record of communications to providers and the general public to discourage infectious presenteeism.</li> <li>Record of how providers will manage in the event of staff absence due to sickness in their business continuity plans.</li> <li>Record of discouragement of infectious presenteeism in all training provided e.g. learning modules.</li> </ul>		



## Reporting

- Northumberland and North Tyneside community IPC strategy implementation group will meet quarterly to update on progress against the goals and monitoring framework below
- Report to the Health Protection Assurance Board in each of Northumberland and North Tyneside on an annual basis, or more frequently if needed or requested to do so.



## Thank you

#### Co-authors:

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Strategy group members Stakeholder focus groups Survey respondents